

Ministry of Agriculture

Agricultural Credit Corporation of Saskatchewan



Annual Report for 2016-17

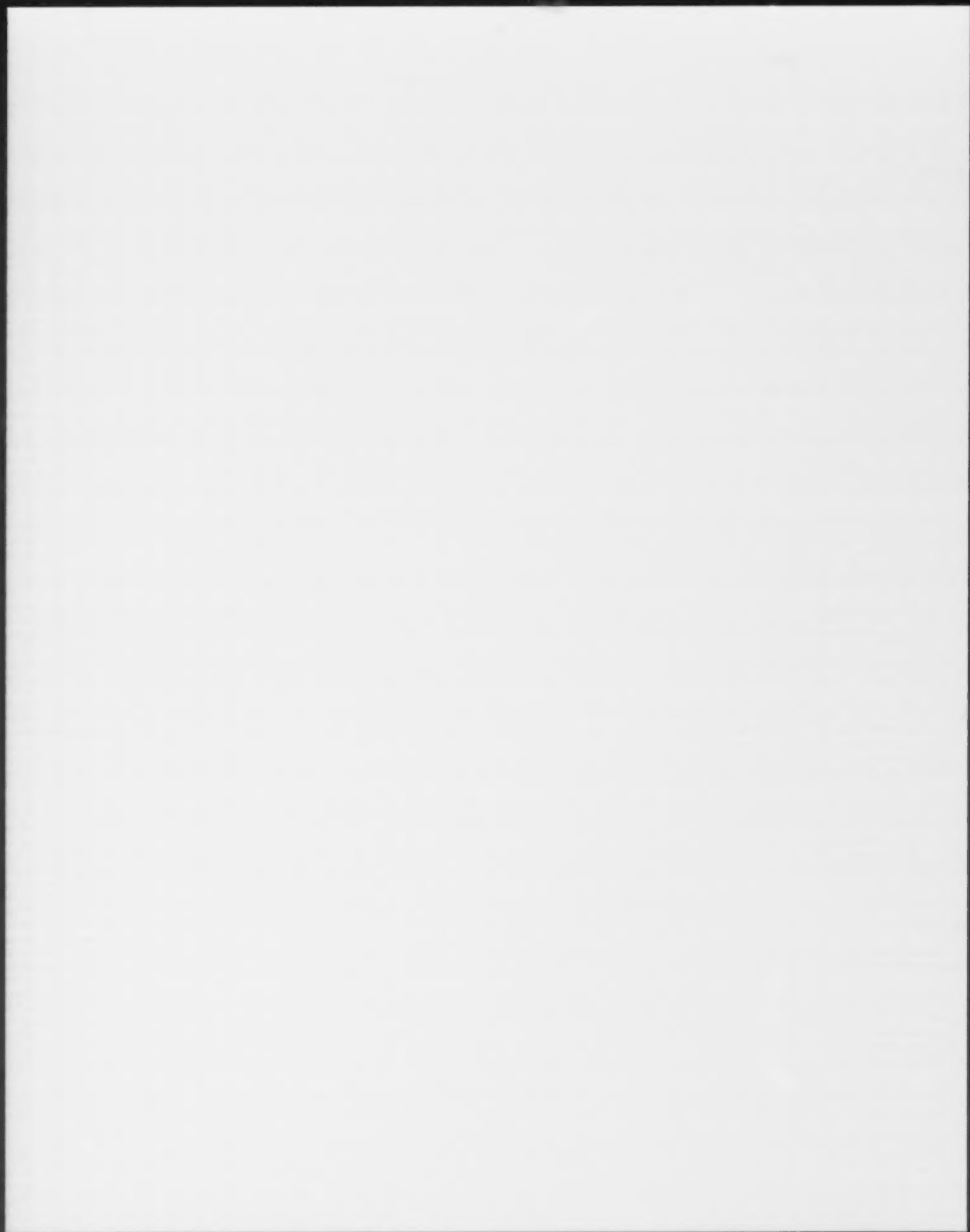


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Letter of Transmittal



*The Honourable Lyle Stewart
Minister of Agriculture*

June 30, 2017

Her Honour, the Honourable Vaughn Solomon Schofield,
Lieutenant Governor of Saskatchewan

May it Please Your Honour:

I respectfully submit the Annual Report of the Agricultural Credit Corporation of Saskatchewan
for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2017.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'L. Stewart', written in a cursive, stylized script.

Lyle Stewart
Minister of Agriculture

Year in Review

The Agricultural Credit Corporation of Saskatchewan's (ACS) loan portfolio decreased from 61 loans totaling \$1 million to 28 loans totaling \$0.7 million.

Saskatchewan Crop Insurance Corporation provided collection services. There has been steady progress on the reduction of the loan portfolio and the wind down of ACS.

Richelle Bourgoin

Richelle Bourgoin, Executive Director
Program Design and Delivery Branch

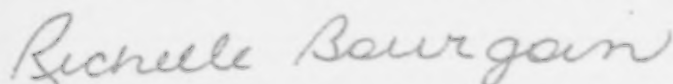
May 8, 2017

Management's Responsibility for the Annual Report

The Agricultural Credit Corporation of Saskatchewan's (ACS) management is responsible for the preparation, integrity and fair presentation of the financial statements. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Where estimates are used, they are based on management's best judgement. Financial and operating information provided elsewhere in the Annual Report is consistent with that contained in the financial statements.

ACS maintains systems of internal accounting and administrative controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is accurate and reliable and that corporate assets are adequately accounted for and safeguarded. The Board of Directors oversees the systems of internal accounting and administrative controls. Management and the Corporation's external auditors meet periodically throughout the year to review their respective responsibilities and to discuss audit plans, the results of reviews of internal accounting controls, policies and procedures and the financial statements and notes thereto.

The Board of Directors has approved the financial statements and the other information in this Annual Report. In addition, the financial statements have been audited by MNP LLP whose report follows.



Richelle Bourgoin, Director
Financial Programs Branch, Ministry of Agriculture
May 29, 2017

Agricultural Credit Corporation of Saskatchewan
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2017

Auditors' Report

To the Members of the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Agricultural Credit Corporation of Saskatchewan which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2017, and the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Agricultural Credit Corporation of Saskatchewan as at March 31, 2017 and the results of its operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net financial assets, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Regina, Saskatchewan
May 29, 2017

MNP LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

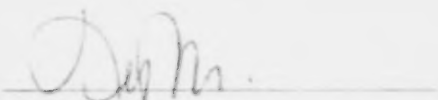
Agricultural Credit Corporation of Saskatchewan

Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2017
(in thousands of dollars)

	2017	2016
Financial Assets		
Cash and short-term investments (Note 3)	2,454	1,976
Accounts receivable	190	115
Loans receivable (Notes 4 and 5)	348	568
Net Financial Assets	2,992	2,659
Accumulated Surplus	2,992	2,659

Approved on behalf of the board



Director



Director

Agricultural Credit Corporation of Saskatchewan

Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

*For the year ended March 31, 2017
(in thousands of dollars)*

	Budget (Note 9)	2017	2016
Revenue			
Operating revenue (Note 6)	36	47	80
Loan loss recovery	50	287	329
	86	334	409
Expenses			
Interest expense	1	1	3
Surplus for the year	85	333	406
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	6,659	2,659	8,753
Transfer to the General Revenue Fund (Note 8)		-	(6,500)
Accumulated surplus, end of year		2,992	2,659

Agricultural Credit Corporation of Saskatchewan
Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

*For the year ended March 31, 2017
(in thousands of dollars)*

	2017	2016
Surplus for the year	333	406
Transfer to the General Revenue Fund (Note 8)	-	(6,500)
Increase (decrease) in net financial assets	333	(6,094)
Net financial assets, beginning of year	2,659	8,753
Net financial assets, end of year	2,992	2,659

Agricultural Credit Corporation of Saskatchewan

Statement of Cash Flows

*For the year ended March 31, 2017
(in thousands of dollars)*

	2017	2016
Cash provided by (used for) the following activities		
Operating transactions		
Surplus for the year	333	406
Items not affecting cash		
Loan loss recovery	(287)	(329)
Other (Note 7)	(74)	21
Loan payments received	506	1,464
	478	1,562
Financing activities		
Transfer to the General Revenue Fund (Note 8)	-	(6,500)
Increase (decrease) in cash and short term investments	478	(4,938)
Cash and short term investments, beginning of year	1,976	6,914
Cash and short term investments, end of year	2,454	1,976

Agricultural Credit Corporation of Saskatchewan

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended March 31, 2017
(in thousands of dollars)

1. Status of Corporation

The Agricultural Credit Corporation of Saskatchewan (ACS/Corporation) acts as an agent of the Government of Saskatchewan and has provided financial assistance to encourage and promote the development and expansion of the agricultural industry in the Province. On March 28, 1996, the Government of Saskatchewan announced that the ACS portfolio would be wound down. All ACS employees were transferred to the Ministry of Agriculture; however ACS still is responsible for collection of the loan funds and monitoring loan collectability.

On December 21, 2007, the Government of Saskatchewan announced a new loan program called the Short-Term Cattle Loan Program. This loan program's funds were disbursed through ACS, and the program monitored and administered by ACS.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Presentation

Pursuant to standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB), ACS is classified as an other government organization. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

- b) Under Section 29 of *The Agricultural Credit Corporation of Saskatchewan Act*, the Minister of Agriculture may make grants to the Corporation out of monies appropriated by the Legislature. Grants may be provided for the payment of administration costs, for the payment of interest on funds borrowed, to defray losses on loans not repaid and for other purposes that may be determined by the Minister.
- c) The Corporation records, as assets held for resale, the fair market value, at the date of acquisition, of assets acquired through settlement, quit claim or foreclosure. Fair market value is determined by the market value of the assets acquired. Assets held for resale are subsequently valued at the lower of their carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell. The income or loss from operations associated with these assets is recorded in the statement of operations. Assets held for resale are recognized as financial assets when PSAB's criteria are met for recognition.
- d) Loans are recorded at the lower of cost and net recoverable value. Amounts included in the cost of loan receivable include principal, accrued interest and capitalized legal costs. Loans with concessionary terms are recognized as expenditure when the loan is made; loans expected to be recovered through future appropriations are recorded as expenditure; and loans advanced with forgivable conditions are recorded as expenditure. An allowance for impaired loans is maintained that reduces the carrying value of loans to their estimated realizable amount. A loan is classified as impaired when there is no longer reasonable assurance that the principal and interest will be collected in full. The Corporation records general allowances when evidence of impairment within groups of loans exists but is not sufficient to allow identification of individual impaired loans. ACS estimates impairment using a formula based on its loss experience for similar groups of loans in similar economic circumstances. Management performs a net present value calculation on a sample of loans within the loan portfolio and extrapolates the results of the analysis to the entire loan portfolio population. Estimated realizable values are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at the effective interest rate inherent in the loans. When the amounts and timing of future cash flows cannot be reliably established, estimated realizable values are determined by reference to underlying security value. As management identifies individual impaired loans, it assigns a specific allowance to the loan and adjusts the general allowance accordingly.

Agricultural Credit Corporation of Saskatchewan

Notes to the financial statements

*For the year ended March 31, 2017
(in thousands of dollars)*

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

e) Interest revenue earned on the outstanding loan balance is recognized as earned, based on interest rates specific to each individual loan program. Interest revenue is not accrued on loans where the collectability of principal or interest is not reasonably assured.

f) Short term investments are term deposits that are readily convertible to cash and with maturities of less than three months. The carrying value approximates their market value.

g) Measurement Uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. The Corporation reviews its overall allowance for loan loss and this process is subject to significant management judgement. Also, in determining estimates of net realizable value for its investments, the Corporation relies on assumptions regarding financial performance as well as general business economic conditions that prevail and are expected to prevail. Assumptions underlying the investment valuations are limited by the availability of reliable data and the uncertainty of future events. In addition, there is management judgement involved in estimating the fair value of assets held for resale. There is also judgement with respect to management's estimate of losses on loans as a result of the guarantee programs. Due to uncertainties inherent in these estimation processes, it is possible that changes in the future conditions may cause recorded amounts to change by a material amount in the near term. As adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the periods in which they become known.

h) Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses

The Corporation has not presented a statement of remeasurement gains and losses because it does not have financial instruments that give rise to remeasurement gains or losses.

3. Cash and Short Term Investments

Interest rates for short term investments at March 31, 2017 ranged from 0.50% to 0.60% (2016 - 0.50% to 0.73%). Cash and short-term investments are comprised of the following:

	2017	2016
Cash	51	13
Short term investments	2,403	1,963
	<u>2,454</u>	<u>1,976</u>

4. Loan Programs

a) Capital Loan Program

Loans are repayable over terms not exceeding 25 years and bear interest at rates between 0% and 8%. Security on the loans varies and may include mortgages on real property, security agreements and guarantees.

Agricultural Credit Corporation of Saskatchewan

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended March 31, 2017
(in thousands of dollars)

4. Loan Programs (continued)

b) Short-term Cattle Loan Program

In January 2008, the Corporation implemented the Short-term Cattle Loan Program (STCLP) which provided livestock producers with low interest loans based on their livestock inventory at August 1, 2007. The Ministry of Agriculture provided an optional principal payment deferral for 2009 and 2010. Loans are to be re-paid over the next 2 years. Effective January 1, 2015, all current loans bear interest at prime plus 1% and all delinquent loans bear interest at prime plus 2%. The loans are secured by general security agreements.

c) BSE Livestock Loan Guarantee Program

During the 2017 fiscal year, the Corporation paid out \$nil (2016 - \$nil) to honour guarantees on loans granted by financial institutions under the BSE Livestock Loan Guarantee Program. ACS acquired the loan once the guarantee was paid. The loans bear interest at prime plus 2%.

The loans are secured by promissory notes and, where applicable, by guarantees and general security agreements.

d) Livestock Drought Loan Program

During the 2017 fiscal year, the Corporation paid out \$nil (2016 - \$nil) to honour guarantees on loans granted by financial institutions under the Livestock Drought Loan Program (LDLP). ACS acquired the loan once the guarantee was paid. The loans bear interest at prime plus 2%.

The loans are secured by promissory notes and, where applicable, by guarantees and general security agreements.

e) AGMT (Agreement for Sale)

An AGMT loan is set up when a settlement has been reached with a client on other loan(s) and repayment of the agreed settlement amount requires more than six months to finalize. Loans bear interest at rates between 0% and 3% and are repayable between 6 months and 4 years.

Agricultural Credit Corporation of Saskatchewan

Notes to the financial statements

*For the year ended March 31, 2017
(in thousands of dollars)*

5. Loans Receivable

	2017			2016		
	Gross	Allowance	Net	Gross	Allowance	Net
Capital Loans	521	249	272	704	254	450
Short-term Cattle						
Loans	141	99	42	248	180	68
BSE loans	31	16	15	40	15	25
LDLP loans	12	6	6	13	6	7
AGMT	13	-	13	18	-	18
	718	370	348	1,023	455	568

6. Revenue

	2017	2016
Loan interest	35	70
Interest on cash	12	10
	47	80

7. Other

	2017	2016
Decrease in accrued interest on loans receivable	(1)	(34)
Decrease in accounts receivable	75	55
	74	21

Agricultural Credit Corporation of Saskatchewan

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended March 31, 2017
(in thousands of dollars)

8. Related Party Transactions

Included in these financial statements are transactions with various Saskatchewan Crown controlled ministries, agencies and corporations with which the Corporation is related. Account balances from these transactions are included in the statement of financial position and are settled on normal trade terms. Other transactions and amounts due to and from related parties and the terms of settlement are described in the financial statements and notes thereto.

	2017	2016
Interest expense	1	3

Certain administration expenses for the Corporation are paid for by Ministry of Agriculture. These costs amounted to approximately \$1 (2016 - \$2).

During the year, the Corporation transferred \$nil (2016 - \$6,500) of surplus cash to the General Revenue Fund.

9. Budget

The budget figures are presented for comparison purposes. The Board approved the budget on February 12, 2016.

